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### **Catch-All®** Liquid & Suction Line Filter-Driers





ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.



The Sporlan **Catch-All®** Liquid and Suction Line Filter-Driers are the choice for today's systems with



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#### FOR USE ON REFRIGERATION and/or AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS ONLY

Bulletin 40-10, January 2011, supersedes Bulletin 40-10, January 2008, Bulletin 40-10-8, January 2009 and all prior publications.



# Liquid Line Quick Selection Recommendations

SYSTE	M SIZE		FIELD REPLA	CEMENT		
	LINE SIZE	AIR	CONDITIONING	REFRIG	RATION	1
TONS	Inches OD	P-12 & P-12/1a	B-22 B-407C & B-410A*	R-12, R-134a, R-404A,	P-22	
		n-12 & n-134a	n-22, n-4076 & n-410A	R-502 & R-507	11-22	
		SEA	LED TYPES - SPECIFY FLARE OR S	OLDER		_
1/4 - 1/3	CAP TUBE	C-032-CAP	C-032-CAP	C-032-CAP	C-032-CAP	
	1/4	0.032(-5)	C-032(-S)	C-032(-S)	U-032(-S)	_
4/0 4	1/4	C-052(-S)	C-052(-S)	C-082(-S)	C-082(-S)	
1/2 - 1	5/10	C-0525-5	C-0525-S	C-0825(-S)	C-0825-S	
	5/0	C-033(-3)	C_0825_S	C-1625-S	C-1625-S	-
1-1/2 - 2-1/2	3/8	C-083(-S)	C-083(-S)	C-163(-S)	C-163(-S)	6
//_	1/2	C-084(-S)	C-084(-S)	C-164(-S)	C-164(-S)	4.5
	5/16	C-1625-S	C-1625-S	_	_	E 30
2 6	3/8	C-163(-S)	C-163(-S)	C-303(-S)	C-303(-S)	Jul
3-0	1/2	C-164(-S)	C-164(-S)	C-304(-S)	C-304(-S)	
	5/8	C-165(-S)	C-165(-S)	C-305(-S)	C-305(-S)	_
	1/2	C-304(-S)	C-304(-S)	C-414(-S)	C-414(-S)	
7 - 9	5/8	U-305(-S)	U-305(-S)	U-415(-S)	U-415(-S)	14
	1/8	L-307-S		U-417-S	L-41/-S	1211 20
	1/2 5/9	C-415(-S)	C-414(-δ) C-415(-ς)	C_415/_S)	C-414(-3)	
10 - 12	7/8	C-417-S	C-417-S	C-417-S	C-417-S	
	1-1/8	C-419S	C-419S	C-419-S	C-419-S	
	5/8	_	C-415(-S)	_	C-415(-S)	-
13 - 18	7/8	C-607-S	C-607-S	C-607-S	C-607-S	
	1-1/8	C-609-S	C-609-S	C-609-S	C-609-S	_
		R	EVERSIBLE HEAT PUMP FILTER-D	RIER		_
	3/8		HPC-103-S / HPC-163-S-HH			
1-5	1/2	—	HPC-104-S / HPC-164-S-HH	_	—	
	5/8		HPC-165-S-HH			- 61
	3/8					
4-12	1/2	_	HPC-303-S-HH / HPC-304-S-HH	_	_	
	5/8		HPC-305-S-HH / HPC-307-S-HH			
	1/0					-
	E/0	C 495 C	C 495 C	C 495 C	C 495 C	-
4 - 9	J/0 7/8	C-400-0	C-400-0	C-400-0 C-487-G	C-400-0 C-487-G	
	5/8	0-407-0	C_485_G	0-407-0	C-407-0	_
10 - 15	7/8	C-487-G	С-487-G	C-487-G	C-487-G	
10 10	1-1/8	C-489-G	C-489-G	C-489-G	C-489-G	
	7/8	C-967-G	C-967-G	C-967-G	C-967-G	
16 - 29	1-1/8	C-969-G	C-969-G	C-969-G	C-969-G	
	1-3/8	C-9611-G	C-9611-G	C-9611-G	C-9611-G	0
	7/8	_	C-967-G	_	C-967-G	
30 - 39	1-1/8	C-1449-G	C-969-G	C-1449-G	C-969-G	
	1-3/8	C-14411-G	C-9611-G	C-14411-G	C-9611-G	11C
40 50	1-1/8	C-1449-G	C-1449-G	-	C-1449-G	0.000 9-6
40 - 59	1-3/8	C-19211-G	U-14411-G	C-19211-G	C-14411-G	18-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
	I-5/δ	6-19213-6	C 14413-G	6-19213-6	ს-1441პ-ს	_
60 75	I-I/8	C 10211 C	L-1449-6 C 10211 C	C 10211 C	C 10211 C	
00 - 75	1-5/0	C-19211-0	C-19211-0	C-19211-0	C-19211-0	
	1-3/0		C-19213-0	0-13213-0	C-19211-G	- 11 m
76 - 99	1-5/8	C-30013-G	C-19213-G	C-30013-G	C-19213-G	Statement in
	2-1/8	C-40017-G	C-19217-G	C-40017-G	C-19217-G	5-0
400 400	1-5/8	_	C-30013-G	_	C-30013-G	-
100 - 130	2-1/8	C-40017-G	C-40017-G	C-40017-G	C-40017-G	
121 150	2 1/0	(2) C 20017 C	C 40017 C	(2) C 20017 C	C 40017 C	-
131 - 150	Ζ-1/δ	(2) 0-30017-0	ե-40017-ն	(2) 6-30017-6	Ն-4001/-ն	_

CATCH-ALL SIZE	NO. OF CORES	CORE TYPE
C-R420 Series Shell	1	RCW-42
C-480 Series Shell	1	
C-960 Series Shell	2	RCW-48, RC-4864,
C-14400 Series Shell	3	or RC-4864-HH
C-19200 Series Shell	4	
C-30000 Series Shell	3	RCW-100, RC-10098,
C-40000 Series Shell	4	or RC-10098-HH





 $^{*}\mbox{C-30000}$  and C-40000 Series shells are not approved for R-410A.





#### MOISTURE

Water or moisture is always present in refrigeration systems, especially with the use of hygroscopic polyolester (POE) lubricants. Acceptable limits vary from one unit to another and from one refrigerant to another. Moisture is harmful even if "freeze-ups" do not occur. Moisture is an important factor in the formation of acids, sludge, copper plating, and corrosion. To be safe and sure, keep the mois-

#### DIRT

Dirt, oxide, scale, sludges, flux, and



metallic particles are frequently found in refrigeration systems. Numerous metallic contaminants - cast iron dust,

ture level as low as possible.

rust, scale, steel, copper, and brass chips - can damage cylinder walls, bearings, and plug capillary tubes or thermostatic expansion valve screens. In addition to mechanical damage and "plug-ups," these contaminants catalyze chemical reactions that contribute to decomposition of the refrigerant-lubricant mixture at elevated temperatures.

#### ACIDS

Refrigerants by themselves are very stable, even when heated to a high temperature. However under some conditions, reactions do occur which can result in the formation of acids. For example, Refrigerant 22 will decompose at high temperatures to form hydrochloric acid where an "acid acceptor" such as electrical insulation paper is present. The reaction of refrigerants with water may cause hydrolysis and the formation of hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids. These acids are usually present as a gas in the system and are highly corrosive. In ordinary usage this reaction is negligible, but in a very wet system operating at abnormally high temperatures, some hydrolysis may occur.

All of these reactions are increased by elevated temperature and are catalytic in effect, resulting in the formation of corrosive compounds.

Another significant source of acidity in refrigeration systems is organic acid formed from lubricant breakdown. Acid is formed when POE lubricant reacts with moisture. Appreciable amounts of organic acid are found in lubricant samples analyzed in our laboratory. Since acids corrode metals in a system, they must be removed.

#### SLUDGE **AND VARNISH**



Although the utmost pre-caution may be taken in the design and fabrication of a system, once in operation, unusually high discharge temperatures will cause

the lubricant to breakdown. By-products of mineral/alkylbenzene lubricant decomposition are varnish, sludge, and possibly carbonaceous powder.

Temperatures may vary in different makes of compressors and under different operating conditions. While temperatures of 265°F/129°C are not unusual at the discharge valve under normal operation, temperatures well above 300°F/149°C frequently occur under unusual conditions. Common sources of high temperatures in refrigeration systems are dirty condensers, noncondensible gases in the condenser, high compression ratio, high superheat of suction gas returned to compressor, fan failure on forced convection condensers, and others.

In addition to high discharge temperatures, there are certain *catalytic metals* that contribute to the lubricant-refrigerant mixture breakdown. The most noted of these in a refrigeration system is iron. It is used in one form or another in all systems and is an active catalyst. Copper is in the same category as iron, but its action is slower. However, the end result is the same. This reaction causes sludge formation and other corrosive materials that will hinder the normal operation of compressor valves and control devices. In addition, air in a system will accelerate the deterioration of the lubricant.

**How It Works** 



The famous molded porous core of the Catch-All® Filter-Drier performs these vital functions:

#### **REMOVES MOISTURE**

The *Catch-All Filter-Drier* removes moisture from the refrigerant and lubricant by adsorbing and retaining moisture deep within the desiccant granules. The blend of desiccants used in the Catch-All is specially formulated for exceptional moisture removal. The high degree of activation ensures maximum water capacity, which means the core removes a large amount of water in one pass, thereby protecting the expansion valve from possible freeze-up. Since the refrigerant must flow through the core, maximum contact between the two ensures rapid system dehydration.

#### **REMOVES FOREIGN MATTER**

Scale, solder particles, dirt, and all types of foreign substances must be removed to protect the compressor, solenoid valves, expansion valves, capillary tubes, and other close tolerance parts of a refrigeration system.

The solution to system filtration is the Catch-All Filter-Drier. The Catch-All has been designed to do the job with maximum efficiency. It removes these particles, down to the minimum size, in one pass filtration. Furthermore, the large filtering surface available on the core results in the ability to collect a large amount of dirt with negligible pressure drop. If plugged, the Catch-All will not burst allowing trapped substances back into the system.

#### **REMOVES ACIDS**

The *Catch-All Filter-Drier* is unexcelled in acid removal ability. The hydrochloric, hydrofluoric, and various organic acids found in used oil samples are harmful in a system. These acids are adsorbed and



remain on the desiccant in a manner similar to the adsorption of moisture.

Laboratory tests have shown that the Catch-All Filter-Drier's desiccant has an acid removal ability superior to other desiccants used in other refrigeration driers. Compared to other filter-driers designed for today's systems, tests show the *Catch-All Filter-Drier* removes much more acid (on an equal weight basis).

The Catch-All has demonstrated excellent field performance in cleaning up severely contaminated systems, whether due to acid, lubricant breakdown, or to hermetic motor burnout. Its success in field service work and in protecting new systems is largely due to its outstanding ability to remove acid and the products of lubricant breakdown.

#### **REMOVES SLUDGE AND VARNISH**

Even the best refrigeration lubricants frequently break down to produce organic acids and possibly varnish and sludge. These products of lubricant decomposition, are formed due to excessive heat or air in the system. Varnish can plug small orifices and accumulate on compressor valves causing eventual valve failure.

The ability of various desiccants to remove these products of lubricant decomposition has been evaluated in sealed glass tubes. Of all the desiccants tested, only the desiccant used in the Catch-All Filter-Driers proved capable of removing the products of lubricant breakdown. This ability makes the Catch-All Filter-Drier highly effective in cleaning systems that have had a hermetic motor burnout, and in protecting new systems by preventing an accumulation of these lubricant breakdown products.



#### CATCH-ALL FILTER-DRIERS PROVIDE THESE PROVEN BENEFITS:

#### **BLEND OF DESICCANTS**

Through constant engineering research, Sporlan developed a blend of desiccants that gives each core maximum contaminant removal characteristics for today's systems. Each core is



formulated with molecular sieve for high water capacity and activated alumina for acid removal. A special grade of activated alumina granules is used to obtain the maximum ability to remove acids and products of lubricant breakdown. The overall result is balanced contaminant removal ability.

#### SPECIAL CHARCOAL BLEND

The HH core, which incorporates activated charcoal along with other desiccants, will remove wax, resins, and lubricant breakdown materials that normal desiccants do not remove. Therefore, this type of core is especially useful on low temperature systems when wax is suspected in the system or when waxlike substances are found in the metering device.

The HH style core has also found wide application for clean-up after a hermetic motor burnout where its ability to remove all types of contaminants is very advantageous. **BE SELECTIVE!** Choose a core designed for the specific application involved.

#### UNIFORM MOLDING

Sporlan pioneered the molded porous core. The core is carefully molded to assure a uniform porosity throughout the entire length and surface of the core. The granules of desiccant are carefully sized and controlled to obtain the proper porosity for maximum filtration ability.

#### SHOCKPROOF ASSEMBLY

The core is held in place by a heavy leaf spring at the inlet end of the Catch-All

assembly. This spring holds the core in position and makes the assembly highly resistant to core breakage. The heavy spring gives a "pre-stressed effect" that significantly reduces the tendency of the core to break if the Catch-All is accidentally dropped.

#### **NO BYPASSING**

The core is sealed to the shell wall at the outlet end with a gasket or fibrous pad, which prohibits any possible bypassing of refrigerant around the core. All the flow passes through the core for maximum contaminant removal.

#### **OUTLET SAFETY FILTER**

A final "safety filter" is used in the outlet of every Catch-All. This involves either a specially developed polyester pad or 100 mesh screen that collects particles that might have rubbed off during assembly,



and serves as added protection in case the molded core is broken.

#### LEAKPROOF SHELL

The Catch-All shell is tig welded providing a very smooth, strong, entirely leakproof joint. The fittings are attached to the shell by copper brazing. This type of joint is one of the strongest and most reliable joining methods known. Each Catch-All is pressure tested in our factory to make sure that it does not leak. The overall result is a Catch-All with strong, entirely leakproof joints.

#### **QUALITY FITTINGS**

The flare fittings and solder fittings used on Sporlan Catch-Alls are inspected 100% during manufacture to make sure no defects are present. The solder fittings are copper fittings with reliable ID dimension for exact fit to the copper tubing. Flare fittings are nickel plated and their surfaces are smooth and free of scratches. Any imperfect flare fittings are resurfaced during manufacture.



#### **BE SELECTIVE**

In addition to being manufactured to high quality standards, the Catch-All has been designed specifically for field service work and OEM use. In situations requiring wax removal or cleanup after a hermetic motor burnout, choose the HH style Catch-All core, which is specifically designed for these applications.



### Ratings and Selection Recommendations

#### GENERAL

The selection of a filter-drier for a given application involves such technical factors as: the amount of moisture to be expected in a system — operating temperatures — amount of foreign matter present — allowable pressure drop through the filter-drier — its ability to retain both liquid and solid contaminants, and bursting pressure. Proper evaluation of these factors is necessary for optimum service and economy. As an aid, the important factors to be considered for selection purposes are discussed briefly in the following sections.

#### **STANDARD RATINGS**

#### **ASHRAE-ARI**

The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers Standard 63, "Methods of Testing Liquid Line Refrigerant Driers," sets up a test procedure to follow for determining the water capacity and refrigerant flow capacity under certain conditions. The Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute subsequently issued ARI Standard 710, which specifies the rating conditions for water capacity, refrigerant flow capacity, and safety requirements.

This Standard is intended to provide *comparison points* only. It is a basis for drier evaluation at the specified rating conditions, but does not attempt to govern the performance of a drier over the entire range of possible applications. It serves only to compare driers on their ratings for water capacity, refrigerant flow capacity, and safety requirements.

#### WATER CAPACITY

Water capacity is the amount of water (in drops or grams) that a drier will hold at the standard temperatures and equilibrium point dryness (EPD) specified. Twenty drops equal one gram, equal one milliliter or one cubic centimeter.

**Equilibrium Point Dryness (EPD)** — is used to define the lowest possible water content in liquid refrigerant attainable by a filter-drier at a specific temperature after it has collected a specific quantity of water after equilibrium has been reached between the water in the refrigerant and the water in the drier. Equilibrium point dryness is expressed in parts per million (ppm) by weight.

#### **REFRIGERANT FLOW CAPACITY**

The maximum flow of liquid refrigerant (in tons) that a drier will pass at a 1 psi/0.07 bar pressure drop is the refrigerant flow capacity. The "ton" ratings are based on 86°F/30°C liquid temperature and refrigerant flows of...

4.0 lbs. per minute per ton for R-12
3.1 lbs. per minute per ton for R-134a
2.9 lbs. per minute per ton for R-22
3.9 lbs. per minute per ton for R-404A
2.9 lbs. per minute per ton for R-407C
2.8 lbs. per minute per ton for R-410A
4.4 lbs. per minute per ton for R-502
4.1 lbs. per minute per ton for R-507

#### SAFETY

Safety is based on drier shell bursting pressure. All liquid line driers manufactured under ARI Standard 710 must meet the requirements of Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., Standard 207, "Refrigerant Containing Components and Accessories, Nonelectrical."

#### SELECTION

When selecting a filter-drier the following should be considered:

#### WATER CAPACITY AND REFRIGERANT FLOW

Water capacity and refrigerant flow comparisons can be made on the basis of ARI Standard data supplied by the manufacturer. *However, it should be remembered that flow ratings are based on the ideal situation of a completely clean system.* Flow is reduced as dirt accumulates on the filtering surface.

#### FILTRATION

Filtration characteristics of a filter-drier are not readily defined or evaluated since laboratory tests cannot reproduce the range of conditions and contaminants seen in an actual system. The ability to filter and *hold* foreign matter varies with the brand and type of filter-drier. The simplest guide to follow is that filter capacity is proportional to *filtering area*. In the tables that follow, the filtering areas of all Catch-All Filter-Driers are tabulated. Filters should be selected with an adequate reserve capacity to allow for the contamination found in most systems.

#### ACID REMOVAL

Acid Removal is also difficult to measure. There are no standard ratings to follow. However, both laboratory and field tests have demonstrated that the *Catch-All* core has superior acid removal ability many times the acid capacity of competitive filter-driers developed for today's systems.

#### SPORLAN RECOMMENDATIONS

Sporlan's Selection Recommendations are based on the technical data currently available and more than 60 years of field experience with molded porous core filter-driers. Satisfactory results will be obtained with the sizes recommended for all normal refrigeration systems. We have considered the difference in requirements for air conditioning and refrigeration applications. Recommendations for these categories are made on pages 12 through 16 and pages 25 through 28. Recommendations for suction line use of filter-driers are in Form 40-109. Form 40-109 is a quick reference guide for suction line filter-drier selection.

**Drier manufacturers establish ratings for their product, but...**the final selection of the correct drier should be based on the conditions expected for each job. Consideration should be given to providing extra water capacity and filtering area within economical limits.





#### ■ CATCH-ALL LOCATION

Catch-All Filter-Driers are most effective in the *liquid line*. Place the filter-drier immediately ahead of other liquid line controls, such as the thermostatic expansion valve, solenoid valve, and See-All Moisture & Liquid Indicator. When applied in this way, the Catch-All provides maximum protection for the expansion valve and solenoid valve from dirt that may be in the system. If the system contains appreciable moisture, then this location gives the best results in protecting the expansion valve from freeze-up. If possible, place the filter-drier in a *cold* location. The acid removal ability of the Catch-All Filter-Drier is the same whether it is installed in the liquid line or suction line.

Catch-All Filter-Driers are frequently installed in the *suction line* just ahead of

the compressor. This procedure is used to clean up a new system or a system that has had a hermetic motor burnout. The main advantage of this location is that it is directly ahead of the compressor, and therefore offers maximum protection to the compressor from all contaminants, even those that may be in the low side of the system. Suction line filter-driers give excellent performance in removing water, dirt and acid. A larger size filter-drier is required than if it had been placed in the liquid line. The refrigerant velocity in the suction line is about six times the velocity in the liquid line. Therefore, a larger filterdrier is required in order to maintain a sufficiently low pressure drop.

#### The water capacity of a Sporlan Catch-

**All in the suction line** is equal to or slightly greater than the liquid line water capacity. Filtration and acid removal in the suction line is equal to that obtained in the liquid line. The main disadvantage of the suction line location is that a larger more expensive filter-drier is required.

Catch-All Filter-Driers are not recommended for use in the *discharge line*. The water capacity in this location would be greatly reduced due to the high operating temperature.

*Catch-All Filter-Driers* may be installed in *any position*, with top or bottom feed. However, it is advisable to mount replaceable core models horizontally so that foreign material cannot drop into the outlet fitting when the cores are removed. Always observe the flow direction. Except for Catch-Alls used in heat pump systems (HPC models), Catch-Alls must **never** be subjected to reverse flow.



#### CAPILLARY TUBE SYSTEM

The C-032-CAP Catch-All is designed specifically for capillary tube systems. This unit consists of a C-032-S with 1/4" copper tubes brazed into each end, giving an overall length of 5.81"/148 mm. Capillary tubes of any size may be inserted into the 1/4" copper tube on this Catch-All, then the tubing pinched down, and soldered. In this way the excellent contaminant removal qualities of the Catch-All can be used on domestic refrigerators and freezers. The C-032-CAP-T model has an *access valve for charging purposes.* 

The best filter-drier location is immediately ahead of the capillary tube. The *amount of liquid refrigerant* that the smaller size Catch-All Filter-Driers will contain at 100°F/38°C is shown in table below.

#### BYPASS INSTALLATION

It is preferred that the Catch-All Filter-Drier be installed in the *main liquid line* for maximum protection. When located in a bypass line, dirt or foreign material may pass into the system through the unprotected main line.

When a *bypass* installation is necessary (see illustration), a hand throttling valve **A** is recommended. By throttling valve **A**, a certain portion of refrigerant can be made to pass through the filter-drier. Note that hand valves **B** and **C** are required only if it is desired to replace the filter-drier without pumping down from the receiver. Always pump out the section of the line containing the filter-drier by closing hand valves **A** and **B** (note direction of flow). Permit isolated section to pump out, close valve **C**, then change the *Catch-All Filter-Drier*.



#### ■ WARNING ■

Dangerous hydraulic pressures may develop if hand valves **B** and **C** are closed and the filterdrier is full of liquid. If there is a possibility of inexperienced personnel closing the valves without pumping down, a pressure relief device is recommended.

#### BRAZING AND SOLDERING

The solder fittings on sealed model and replaceable core Catch-All Filter-Driers are copper. Copper fittings are suitable for all types of brazing and soldering alloys including soft solder, 95-5 solder, Sta-Brite solder, silver brazing alloy, Sil-Fos, or phos-copper alloys. The fittings on the Catch-All have been carefully cleaned and sealed before shipment, and do not require further cleaning before brazing. **Proper brazing technique involves using a wet cloth draped around the shell, and/or the use of Parker Virginia Thermal Block™, and proper torch tip for rapid heating, and also directing the flame away from the Catch-All shell.** 



#### SEAL REMOVAL

The normal procedure in removing seals from either solder or flare connections is to gently cut them away with a knife, as shown in the illustration. With flare connections *caution* should be exercised to avoid damaging the flare surface. The seals cannot be removed and replaced without tearing them.



#### Catch-All Liquid Refrigerant Capacities

							LIQUID C	APACITY						
CATCH-ALL		OUNCES	OF REFRI	GERANT B	Y WEIGHT	AT 100°F	kg OF REFRIGERANT BY WEIGHT AT 38°C							
TYPE NO.			R	EFRIGERAI	NT			REFRIGERANT						
	12	134a	22	404A	407C	410A	507	12	134a	22	404A	407C	410A	507
C-030	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
C-050	5.3	4.9	4.8	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.1	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12
C-080	7.6	6.9	6.8	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.8	0.22	0.20	0.19	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.16
C-160	12.0	11.0	10.8	8.9	9.5	9.4	9.3	0.34	0.31	0.31	0.25	0.27	0.27	0.26
C-300	19.2	17.6	17.3	14.2	15.2	15.1	14.9	0.54	0.50	0.49	0.40	0.43	0.43	0.42
C-410	27.0	24.7	24.3	19.9	21.4	21.1	20.9	0.77	0.70	0.69	0.56	0.61	0.60	0.59
HPC-080	—	_	9.2	—	8.1	8.0	—	—	—	0.26	—	0.23	0.23	—
HPC-100	—	_	12.2	—	10.7	10.6	—	—	—	0.35	—	0.30	0.30	—
HPC-160	_	_	14.5	_	12.7	12.6	_	_	_	0.41	_	0.36	0.36	_
HPC-300	—	_	19.7	_	17.3	17.2	_	_	_	0.56	_	0.49	0.49	_





Type C-032 through C-609-S-T-HH

Maximum Rated Pressure of 650 psi



Inches - Ib

#### Liquid Line and Suction Line

"C" Liquid	SERIES LINE TYPE	SUCTION LINE Type	CONNECTION SIZE	VOLUME OF DESSICANT	OVERALL Inc	. LENGTH hes	SOLDER SOCKET	DIAMETER of	SHIPPING WEIGHT	
SAE Flare	ODF Solder	ODF Solder	Inches	Cu. In.	SAE Flare	ODF Solder	Inches	Inches	lb	
C-032	C-032-S	—	1/4		4.19	3.81	0.38			
—	C-032-CAP C-032-CAP-T	_	Extended 1/4 Male		—	5.81	_			
C-032-F		_	1/4 Male - Inlet 1/4 Female - Outlet	3	3.81	_	_	1.75	1/2	
C-032-FM			1/4 Female - Inlet 1/4 Male - Outlet		3.81	_	_			
C-033	C-033-S	—	3/8		4.69	3.88	0.44			
C-052	C-052-S	—	1/4		4.75	4.19	0.38			
_	C-0525-S	—	5/16			4.38	0.44			
C-052-F		—	1/4 Male - Inlet 1/4 Female - Outlet	5	4.19	_	_	2.44	3/4	
C-052-FM	_	—	1/4 Female - Inlet 1/4 Male - Outlet		4.19	—	—			
C-053	C-053-S	—	3/8		5.19	4.31	0.44			
C-082	C-082-S	—	1/4		5.62	5.12	0.38			
	C-0825-S		5/16	9		5.31	0.44	2.62	1-1/4	
C-083	C-083-S	C-083-S-T-HH	3/8	-	6.06	5.25	0.44		, .	
C-084	C-084-S	C-084-S-T-HH	1/2		6.31	5.44	0.50			
C-162	C-162-S	—	1/4		6.25	5.75	0.38			
	C-1625-S	—	5/16			5.94	0.44			
C-163	C-163-S		3/8	40	6.75	5.88	0.44	0.00		
C-164	C-164-S	C-164-S-T-HH	1/2	16	6.94	6.00	0.50	3.00	1-3/4	
C-165	C-165-S	C-165-S-T-HH	5/8		7.25	6.31	0.62			
—		C-166-S-T-HH	3/4		—	6.75	0.62			
	C-167-S	С-167-S-Т-НН	//8			6.93	0.75			
C-303	C-303-S	—	3/8		9.69	8.88	0.44			
C-304	0.205-0	0 005 0 T UU	I/Z		9.88	9.00	0.50			
6-305	U-305-5	C-305-5-1-HH	5/8	30	10.19	9.25	0.62	3.00	3-1/2	
—	6-306-S	C-300-5-1-HH	3/4		—	9.65	0.62			
_	C 200 C	C 200 C T UU	//ð 1 1/0		_	9.80	0.75			
C /12	6-309-3	C-303-3-1-NN	2/0		0.56	9.70	0.90			
C-413	C /1/ S	_	3/0 1/2		9.00	0.05	0.50			
C-414	C-414-3		5/8	41	J.J4 10.25	9.05	0.50	3 50	/_1/2	
0-41J	C-413-3	C /17 S T UU	J/0 7/0	41	10.25	0.01	0.02	3.30	4-1/2	
	C_/10_S	C-/10_S_T_HH	1,0			9.75	0.75			
_		C-437-S-T-HH	7/8			10.34	0.30			
_	_	C-439-S-T-HH	1-1/8			10.74	0.91			
_	_	C-4311-S-T-HH	1-3/8	48		10.94	0.97	4.75	8	
_	_	C-4313-S-T-HH	1-5/8			10.94	1 09			
_	C-607-S	C-607-S-T-HH	7/8			16.00	0.75			
_	C-609-S	C-609-S-T-HH	1-1/8	60	_	16.00	0.96	3.00	6	

<sub>c</sub>UL<sub>us</sub> Listed — Guide-SMGT-File No. SA-1756A & B.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE TYPE NUMBER The letters and numerals in the Catch-All type number each have a significance.

C indicates Catch-All.

- FIRST TWO DIGITS indicate the cubic inches of desiccant in the given drier size.
- LAST ONE OR TWO DIGITS indicates the fitting size in eighths of an inch. For example: a "3" indicates 3/8" fitting size; a "25" indicates a 5/16" fitting size.
- NO LETTER following the last digit indicates an SAE flare fitting.
- -S following the last digit indicates an ODF solder fitting. Other suffix letters indicate special qualities. Examples:
- -T indicates a pressure tap consisting of a Schrader type access valve on the inlet end of the Catch-All.
- -HH indicates a charcoal style core for wax removal and clean-up after a hermetic motor burnout.
  - -F indicates a female flare outlet fitting with a male flare inlet fitting.

- -FM indicates a female flare inlet fitting with a male flare outlet fitting.
- -CAP indicates a Catch-All particularly designed for installation on capillary tube systems. The fittings (a 1/4" OD copper tube brazed into each end of the Catch-All) permit inserting the capillary tube into this 1/4" tube, pinching down, and soldering to make the connections.





#### Type C-032 through C-609-S-T-HH

Maximum Rated Pressure of 44.8 bar



#### Liquid Line and Suction Line

Liquid Lir	Liquid Line and Suction Line mm • kg												
"C" Liquid	SERIES LINE TYPE	SUCTION LINE TYPE	CONNECTION SIZE	VOLUME OF DESSICANT	OVERAL	L LENGTH Im	SOLDER SOCKET	DIAMETER of	SHIPPING WEIGHT				
SAE Flare	ODF Solder	ODF Solder	Inches	cm <sup>3</sup>	SAE Flare	ODF Solder	DEPTH	BUDY mm	kg				
C-032	C-032-S	—	1/4		106	97	10						
_	C-032-CAP C-032-CAP-T	—	Extended 1/4 Male			148	_						
C-032-F	_	_	1/4 Male - Inlet 1/4 Female - Outlet	49	97	_	—	44	0.2				
C-032-FM	—	—	1/4 Female - Inlet 1/4 Male - Outlet		97	—	—						
C-033	C-033-S	—	3/8		119	99	11						
C-052	C-052-S	—	1/4		121	106	10						
	C-0525-S		5/16			111	11						
C-052-F	_	_	1/4 Male - Inlet 1/4 Female - Outlet	82	106	_	—	62	0.3				
C-052-FM	_	—	1/4 Female - Inlet 1/4 Male - Outlet		106	_	—	_					
C-053	C-053-S		3/8		132	109	11						
C-082	C-082-S	—	1/4		143	130	10						
	C-0825-S		5/16	147		135	11	67	0.6				
C-083	C-083-S	C-083-S-T-HH	3/8		154	133	11						
C-084	C-084-5	C-084-2-1-HH	1/2		160	138	13						
G-10Z	0-102-3	_	1/4		129	140	10						
C 162	C 162 S	_	0/10 2/0		171	151	11						
C 164	C 16/ S	C 164 S T UU	3/8	262	176	149	11	76	0.0				
C 165	C 165 S	C 165 C T UU	5/9	202	10	152	16	70	0.0				
6-105	6-103-3	C 166 C T UU	J/0 2//		104	171	10						
	C-167-S	C-167-S-T-HH	7/8			176	10						
C-303	C-303-S	<u> </u>	3/8		246	226	11						
C-304	C-304-S	_	1/2		251	229	13						
C-305	C-305-S	C-305-S-T-HH	5/8		259	235	16						
_	C-306-S	C-306-S-T-HH	3/4	492		245	16	76	1.6				
	C-307-S	C-307-S-T-HH	7/8		_	249	19						
_	C-309-S	C-309-S-T-HH	1-1/8		_	248	24						
C-413	_	—	3/8		243	_	_						
C-414	C-414-S	_	1/2		252	230	13						
C-415	C-415-S	—	5/8	672	260	237	16	89	2.1				
—	C-417-S	C-417-S-T-HH	7/8		—	249	19						
_	C-419-S	C-419-S-T-HH	1-1/8			248	24						
—	-	C-437-S-T-HH	7/8			263	19						
—	-	C-439-S-T-HH	1-1/8	787		273	23	121	36				
—	—	C-4311-S-T-HH	1-3/8	101		278	25	121	5.0				
		C-4313-S-T-HH	1-5/8			278	28						
—	C-607-S	C-607-S-T-HH	7/8	983	—	406	19	76	27				
	C-609-S	C-609-S-T-HH	1-1/8			406	24						

<sub>c</sub>UL<sub>us</sub> Listed — Guide-SMGT-File No. SA-1756A & B.



#### Sealed Type - Refrigerant 134a



RATINGS AT AHRI STANDARD CONDITIONS SELECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Tons) SURFACE FILTERING WATER CAPACITY REFRIGERANT REFRIGERATION **AIR CONDITIONING** AREA **DROPS AT 60 PPM FLOW CAPACITY** TYPE O.E.M. Self Contained Field Replacement or Field Built-Up Systems **Commercial &** Sq. Inch 75°F 125°F Tons at kW at cm<sup>2</sup> Low Temperature Equipment 25°C 0.07 bar ∆P 50°C 1 psi ∆P C-032 C-032-CAP C-032-S 1.3 4.6 C-032-F 9 58 67 48 1/4 1/2 3/4C-032-FM 11.2 3.2 C-033 C-033-S 12.3 3.5 C-052 C-052-S 1.9 6.7 C-052-F C-052-FM 15 97 158 114 1/3 1 thru 2 3/4 thru 1 C-0525-S 3.1 10.9 C-053 3.8 13.3 C-053-S 4.3 15.1 C-082 1.9 6.7 C-082-S C-0825-S 3.3 11.6 21 188 1/2 thru 1-1/2 1 thru 4 3/4 thru 2 C-083 135 261 4.2 14.7 C-083-S 4.7 16.5 C-084 7.4 26.0 C-084-S 7.9 27.7 C-162 1.9 67 C-162-S C-1625-S 3.3 11.6 C-163 4.2 14.7 2 thru C-163-S 33 213 396 285 4.7 16.5 1 thru 2 1 thru 5 7-1/2 C-164 9.3 32.6 C-164-S 10.1 35.5 C-165 11.0 38.6 C-165-S 12.6 44.2 C-303 4.2 14.7 C-303-S 4.7 16.5 C-304 9.3 32.6 C-304-S 53 342 756 545 10.1 35.5 3 thru 5 4 thru 15 3 thru 7-1/2 C-305 47.7 13.6 C-305-S 15.5 54.4 C-307-S 19.8 69.5 C-414 10.5 36.9 C-414-S 11.4 40.0 C-415 14.5 50.9 7-1/2 432 1017 5 thru 10 5 thru 12 67 733 C-415-S 16.1 56.5 thru 18 C-417-S 20.3 71.3 C-419-S 22.3 78.3 C-607-S 26.6 93.4 106 684 1512 1090 15 20 thru 25 15 C-609-S 30.4 106.7

## For suction line filter-driers see page 30

NOTES: The variation in flow ratings of filter-driers having the same size core and shell is caused by the difference in connection sizes used. R-12 water capacity values are approximately 15 percent greater than R-134a values.



Liquid Line
Ratings and Selection Recommendations

Sealed	Type -	- Refrigerant 22
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	SUR	FACE	RATINGS	AT AHRI ST	ANDARD C	ONDITIONS	SELECTION R	ATIONS (Tons)	- In.											
ТҮРЕ	FILTE	RING	WATER C Drops A	APACITY T 50 PPM	REFRI FLOW C	GERANT Apacity	REFRIGERATION	AIR C	ONDITIONING											
	Sq. Inch	cm²	75°F 25°C	125°F 50°C	Tons at 1 psi ∆P	kW at 0.07 bar ∆P	Commercial & Low Temperature Equipment	O.E.M. Self Contained	Field Replacement or Field Built-Up Systems											
C-032										$1 \times 5$										
C-032-CAP																				
C-032-S					1.5	5.3														
C-032-F	9	58	61	50			1/4	1	1/2											
C-032-FM										$  \wedge \rangle \rangle$										
C-033					3.5	12.3														
C-033-S					3.8	13.3														
C-052																				
C-052-S					2.1	7.4														
C-052-F	45	07					4/0		0/1/1 0											
C-052-FIVI	15	97	146	119	0.4	11.0	I/3	I thru 3	3/4 thru 2											
C-0525-5					3.4	11.9														
U-053	-				4.1	14.4														
C 002					4.7	10.5														
C 092 S					2.1	7.4														
C-002-3	-				27	12.0														
C-0023-3	21	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	240	196	4.5	15.0	1/2 thru 1-1/2	1 thru 5	1 thru 2	
C-003	21	155	240	150	4.0	19.0	1/2 1110 1-1/2	Tunu 5	T UITU Z											
C-084	-				8.1	28.4														
C-084-S					8.7	30.5														
C-162					0.7	00.0														
C-162-S	-				2.1	7.4														
C-1625-S					3.7	13.0														
C-163					4.5	15.8														
C-163-S	33	213	364	297	5.2	18.3	1-1/2 thru 3	2 thru 10	1-1/2 thru 5											
C-164					10.1	35.5														
C-164-S					11.0	38.6														
C-165	1				12.1	42.5														
C-165-S	1				13.8	48.4														
C-303					4.6	16.1														
C-303-S					5.3	18.6														
C-304					10.1	35.5														
C-304-S	53	342	696	567	11.0	38.6	3 thru 5	5 thru 20	4 thru 10											
C-305					14.9	52.3														
C-305-S					16.9	59.3														
C-307-S					21.6	75.8														
C-414					11.5	40.4														
C-414-S					12.4	43.5														
C-415	67	432	936	763	15.8	55.5	5 thru 12	7-1/2	7-1/2 thru 15											
C-415-S					17.5	61.4		thru 23												
C 417-S	-				22.1	//.b				Factory Const.										
C 607 S					24.3	00.J				For suction line										
C-007-3	106	684	1392	1134	23.1	102.1	15	25 thru 30	20	Tilter-ariers										
0-000-0	1	1	1	1	00.2	110.5				See bade SU										





filter-driers see page 30

NOTES: The variation in flow ratings of filter-driers having the same size core and shell is caused by the difference in connection sizes used.



#### Sealed Type - Refrigerant 404A & 507



	SURFACE		RATINGS	AT AHRI ST	ANDARD C	ONDITIONS	SELECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Tons)				
ТҮРЕ	FILTE	RING	WATER C Drops A	APACITY T 50 PPM	REFRI FLOW C	GERANT CAPACITY	REFRIGERATION	AIR C	ONDITIONING		
	Sq. Inch	cm²	75°F 25°C	125°F 50°C	Tons at 1 psi ∆P	kW at 0.07 bar ∆P	Commercial & Low Temperature Equipment	O.E.M. Self Contained	Field Replacement or Field Built-Up Systems		
C-032											
C-032-CAP											
C-032-S					1.0	3.5					
C-032-F	9	58	71	58			1/4	3/4	1/2		
C-032-FM											
C-033					2.3	8.1					
C 052					2.0	9.1					
C 052 C											
C-052-5					1.4	4.9					
C-052-F	15	07	160	128			1/3	1 thru 2	2//I thru 1		
C-0525-S	15	37	105	150	23	81		1 thru 2	J/4 unu 1		
C-053					2.0	9.5					
C-053-S					3.1	10.9					
C-082											
C-082-S					1.4	4.9					
C-0825-S		135			2.4	8.4					
C-083	21		135	279	227	3.0	10.5	1/2 thru 1	1 thru 4	3/4 thru 2	
C-083-S					3.4	11.9					
C-084					5.5	19.3					
C-084-S					5.9	20.7					
C-162						1.4	19				
C-162-S					1.4	4.3	-	2 thru 7-1/2			
C-1625-S					2.4	8.4					
C-163					3.0	10.5					
C-163-S	33	213	424	345	3.4	11.9	3/4 thru 2		1 thru 4		
C-164					6.8	23.9					
C-164-S					7.3	25.6					
C-105					0.2 0.2	20.0 22.2					
C-303					3.Z 3.D	32.3 10 5					
C-303-S					3.0	11.0					
C-304					6.8	23.9					
C-304-S	53	342	809	658	7.3	25.6	2 thru 5	4 thru 12	3 thru 7-1/2		
C-305	00	0.2			9.9	34.7	2 411 4 6		0 111 1 1 1 1		
C-305-S					11.3	39.7					
C-307-S					14.4	50.5					
C-414					7.6	26.7					
C-414-S					8.3	29.1					
C-415	67	100	1000	80E	10.6	37.2	5 thru 10	5 thru 15	5 thru 12		
C-415-S	07	432	1000	000	11.8	41.4	5 01/0 10	5 111 15	5 111 12		
C-417-S					14.8	51.9					
C-419-S					16.3	57.2					
C-607-S	106	684	1618	1316	29.5	103.5	10	15 thru 20	10		
C-609-S		1	1	1	22.3	78.3	-		-		

For suction line filter-driers see page 30

NOTE: The variation in flow ratings of filter-driers having the same size core and shell is caused by the difference in connection sizes used. R-502 water capacities are similar to R-404A and R-507.



Liquid Line
Ratings and Selection Recommendations

#### Sealed Type - Refrigerant 407C

	SURFACE		RATINGS	AT AHRI ST	ANDARD C	ONDITIONS	SELECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Tons)													
ТҮРЕ	FILTE	RING	WATER O Drops A	APACITY T 50 PPM	REFRI FLOW C	GERANT CAPACITY	REFRIGERATION	AIR C	CONDITIONING											
	Sq. Inch	cm²	75°F 25°C	125°F 50°C	Tons at 1 psi ∆P	kW at 0.07 bar ∆P	Commercial & Low Temperature Equipment	O.E.M. Self Contained	Field Replacement or Field Built-Up Systems											
C-032																				
C-032-CAP																				
C-032-S					1.3	4.6														
C-032-F	9	58	52	17			1/4	1	1/2											
C-032-FM						44.0														
C-033					3.2	11.2														
C-033-S					3.5	12.3														
C-U5Z																				
0.052-5	-				1.9	6.7														
0-052-F	15	07	100	40			1/0	1 thru 3 3/4 th	2/1 thru 2											
0-052-FIVI	15	9/	123	40	2.1	10.0	1/3		3/4 thru 2											
0.0525-5					3.1	10.9	-													
0.053					3.8	13.3														
0.000					4.3	15.1														
<u>U-082</u>					1.9	6.7														
6-082-5	-					11.0														
L-U825-5	01	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	125	125	125	125	202	05	3.3	11.0	1/2 thru 1-1/2	1.41	1.46.00.0
0.000.0	21									202	65	4.2	14.7	1/2 thru 1-1/2	I thru 5	l thru 2				
C-083-S												4./	16.5	-						
					7.5	26.3														
0.462					8.0	28.1														
0.102					1.9	6.7														
U-162-S	-					11.0														
U-1625-S					3.3	11.0		2 three 10	1.1/0.4h m 5											
		010	207	100	4.2	14./	1 1/0 them 0													
0 404	33	213	307	100	4.7	10.5	1-1/2 thru 3		1-1/2 thru 5											
U-164					9.3	32.6														
0-104-3	-				11.1	30.0														
C 165 S	-				10.7	39.0														
C-103-9					12.7	44.0														
C 202 C	-				4.2	14./														
C-303-3					4./	10.0														
C-304 C-304_S	F.2	240	500	190	J.J 10 1	32.0	3 thru 5	5 thru 20	A thru 10											
C-304-3		542	500	103	12.7	/12 1	5 111 5	J unu 20	4 010 10											
C-305-S	-				15.7	5/ /														
C-303-3 C-307-S	-				10.0	60.9														
C-307-3		-			10.5	36.0														
C_414_S	-				11.4	40.0														
C-415	-				14.6	51.2		7-1/2												
C-415-S	67	432	788	254	16.2	56.0	5 thru 12	thru 23	7-1/2 thru 15											
C_417_S	-				20.4	71 6		1110 20												
C_419_S	-				20.4	78.6														
C-607-S					26.9	9/1 1														
C-609-S	106	684	1172	378	30.7	107.8	15	25 thru 30	20											
0 000-0	1	1	1	1	1 00.7	107.0														



For suction line filter-driers see page 30

NOTE: The variation in flow ratings of filter-driers having the same size core and shell is caused by the difference in connection sizes used.



#### Sealed Type - Refrigerant 410A



	SURFACE		RATINGS	AT AHRI ST	ANDARD C	ONDITIONS	SELECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Tons)															
ТҮРЕ	FILTE	RING	WATER O Drops A	CAPACITY T 50 PPM	REFRI FLOW C	GERANT APACITY	REFRIGERATION	AIR C	CONDITIONING													
	Sq. Inch	cm²	75°F 25°C	125°F 50°C	Tons at 1 psi ∆P	kW at 0.07 bar ∆P	Commercial & Low Temperature Equipment	O.E.M. Self Contained	Field Replacement or Field Built-Up Systems													
C-032																						
C-032-CAP																						
C-032-S	_	58	58			1.4	4.9															
C-032-F	9			58	58	58	58	58	58	27	20			1/4	1	1/2						
C-032-FM																						
C-033					3.4	11.9																
C-033-S					3.7	13.0																
C-052																						
C-052-S					2.0	7.0																
C-052-F	45			10			1/0	1.1.0	0/4/1 0													
C-052-FM	15	97	63	48		11.0	1/3	1 thru 3	3/4 thru 2													
C-0525-S					3.3	11.0																
U-U53					4.0	14.0																
C-053-S					4.5	15.8																
C 092 S		125			2.0	7.0																
C-002-3						2.5	12.2															
C-0023-3	21		10/	78	3.5	12.3	1/2 thru 1-1/2	1 thru 5	1 thru 0													
C-003	21	155	104	10	4.4 5.0	10.4	1/2 unu 1-1/2	Tunu 5	i unu z													
C-003-3								7.0	27.7													
C-084-S					8.5	27.7																
C-162					0.5	23.0																
C-162-S																		2.0	7.0			
C-1625-S					35	12.3																
C-163					4.4	15.4																
C-163-S	33	213	158	119	5.0	17.6	1-1/2 thru 3	2 thru 10	1-1/2 thru 5													
C-164					9.8	34.4	,		,													
C-164-S					10.7	37.6																
C-165					11.7	41.1																
C-165-S					13.4	47.0																
C-303					4.4	15.4																
C-303-S					5.0	17.6																
C-304					9.8	34.4																
C-304-S	53	342	302	227	10.7	37.6	3 thru 5	5 thru 20	4 thru 10													
C-305					14.5	50.9																
C-305-S					16.4	57.6																
C-307-S					21.0	73.7																
C-414					11.1	39.0																
C-414-S					12.1	42.5																
C-415	67	132	/07	205	15.4	54.1	5 thru 12	7-1/2	7-1/2 thru 15													
C-415-S	07	432	407	300	17.1	60.0	5 111 12	thru 23	7-1/2 unu 15													
C-417-S					21.5	75.5																
C-419-S					23.7	83.2																
C-607-S	106	684	604	454	28.4	99.7	15	25 thru 30	20													
C-609-S					32.4	113.7	10		20													

## For suction line filter-driers see page 30

NOTE: The variation in flow ratings of filter-driers having the same size core and shell is caused by the difference in connection sizes used.